Name: Pd: Science Number: Lab: Messing With Mixtures 1 pt ec printing

Tasty Solutions: A comparison of chemical vs mechanical breakdown

1.	Complete the Scientific Method steps below. You will then be given 3 pieces of m&m's for each group member.
	The class will do this together while the teacher reports the time on the board.
	Record YOUR time when you can taste chocolate in the data table

II. Statement of the Problem: (Identify the problem that exists) :

III. Purpose (Why are you doing the experiment/ what do you hope to discover...)

IV. Hypothesis: Before you and Preliminary Research. seconds) do you expect it v Candy1: Candy2: Candy3:	do the experiment, what do you pred "If, then, because" Make this qu vill take to taste chocolate in each of t	lict will happen? This should be based on Observations antitative (ie: it needs a number value). How long (in ne steps <u>and why</u> :
V. Variables & Controls: INDEPENDENT VARIAE What are you comparing	SLE : What is the one condition that yo or testing? 1	u are changing?
DEPENDENT VARIABL	E: What results are your going to me	asure & record?
CONTROLLED VARIA	List the things that you plan to so that they will not affect you	keep the same during your experiment,
1	2	3
VI. Procedures: (step by st Step 1: Place one piece Your teacher will YOU will Record th	ep instructions on how to do the expe of candy in your mouth and allow it to state the time in 10 second intervals, e time (in seconds) it takes for the ca	riment) o dissolve without using your tongue or teeth to help! and record them on the board. ndy shell to dissolve in the chart and NOT TALK until the

- last person to taste the chocolate has recorded their time. DO NOT DRINK ANY WATER until this lab is completed.
- Step 2: Place another piece of candy in your mouth and allow it to dissolve using only your tongue to move it around. Record the time (in seconds) it takes for the candy shell to dissolve in the chart. DO NOT DRINK ANY WATER
- Step 3: Place another piece of candy in your mouth and allow it to dissolve using only your tongue to move it around. Record the time (in seconds) it takes for the candy shell to dissolve. AFTER this you can drink water! ③

VII. Materials (list everything you will need to do the experiment) 1._____2. _____

VIII. Experimental Observations & Results A Experiment Observations: (write at least 2) for each step

Candy #1:	1.
	2
Candy #2:	1.
	2
Candy #3:	1
,	2

B. Data Table

Piece of Candy	Dissolving Time (in seconds)
#1	
#2	
#3	

Explain the results of your experiment in terms of dissolving rate (the time it takes for a substance to dissolve).

Conclusion / Summary of your experiment. After your experiment, analyze your data to see if your hypothesis was accepted or rejected. If hypothesis is rejected, give possible reasons for the difference between your hypothesis and the experimental results.

Sharing your Results & Recommendations: What do you want to tell others about your results, and if you were to do this experiment over, what would you do differently?_____

Additional Questions:

2. In your solution, what was the solute and the solvent? Solute: ______ Solvent: ______

4. In each solution, underline the solute an	nd circle the solvent.	Remember tha	t a SOLUTE dissolves in the SOLVENT!
(example): Ocean water: Salt and water	Kool-Aid: Powder, sugar,	and water	Antifreeze: Water and ethylene glycol
Lemonade: Water, lemon juice, and sugar	Soda: Syrup, water, and	CO2 gas	Air: Nitrogen, oxygen, and other gases

5. What liquid is called the "universal solvent"? Why?

6. Which would have the most SOLUTE: a glass of very sweet Kool-Aid or a glass of barely sweet Kool-Aid? Give a reason for your answer.